THERE TO REMAIN,

COME WH AT WILL.

GGG RRR ERR A TTT

SSS PPP RE OCULIAA L

BEGINS TO-

- MORROW.

from \$2.50;

sold at \$1.25. now 92c.

than half price; ALL-SILK FICHUS at 34c.;

at 7c.;

LONG ALL-SILK SPANISH TIES at 23c.-les

2,000 pairs LADIES HEAVY FANCY HOSE

LADIES' FULL REGULAR SILK-CLOCKED

price, and much less than imported price;

Our entire line of \$1 CCLORED SILKS a

LUPIN'S 50c. YARD-WIDE, ALL-WOOL

JERSEY CLOTH, all wool, at 18c, worth 75c.

6,000 dozen DRESS-BUTTONS, regular price

LADIES' SILVER and GILT DOG-CHAINS-

We've been selling lots at 50c., now 25c.;

these all the items? Not quite. Candidly w

JUST WHAT YOU WANT.

BEST YARD-WIDE PRINTED MOMIE CHINTZ

FRUIT-OF-THE-LOOM BLEACHED COTTO

REMNANTS OF DRESS GOODS at very lov

selections.
ALL-WOOL WHITE NUBIAS at 25c. worth 50c. stl.K LACE FICHUS at 35c. worth 50c., at 50c.

HAND-BAGS and SATCHELS in great variety, at

prices to suit everybody; GASSAMERS (water-proof garments) for men, women, and children—just what you want in

women, and children-just what you want in you wish to keep dry; KERR'S CELEBRATED SPOOL-COTTON-the

best in use; HORSE-BLANKETS at 90c. worth \$1.25, at \$1 worth \$1.35, at \$1.75 worth \$2.50, at \$2

worth \$1: worth \$2: worth \$2: UNS, MATS, HASSOCKS, OTTOMANS; UNDOW-SHADES and SHADE-FIXTURES; EL-CLOTHS and LINOLEUM; ACES and MUSLINS for Curtains; also, CUR-TAIN-POLES, CORNICES, BANDS, and

SHEETING, 2% yards wide, at 30c. per yard

at 81/2c. worth 15c.;

JULIUS MEYER & SON.

from 25 to 50c., all at 4c. a dozen;

All colors DRESS FLANNELS at 13c.

mous as Androscoggin, at 7c.;

LADIES' SOLID-COLOR HOSE, not

BALBRIGGAN HOSE at 17c. ;

at 5c .- regular price, 10c.;

to 75c .- all at 25c.;

\$1 COLORED SATINAt 24c.;

it at 49c.;

\$1.18:

at 62c.

nearly all wool, at 23c.;

No. 2. next width, at 22c.

worth \$2;

\$1 BLACK SATINS at 34c.;

Months ago MEYER promised his pations an immense sale. Competitors thought it a mere propatrons had almost lost faith in it. But during the time of all these mutterings MEYER gradually gotten together in their two ber, this is no improvement, change- in-business, or bankrupt sale, but a BONA FIDE BARGAIN SALE, in which thousands of articles are sold at a dead loss; hundreds more at exact and and the rest of the stock at a very nominal The weather has been bad; you have delayed the buying of your necessities-why not buy them

then at such prices as MEYER alone quotes?

Sc. SHIRTING PRINTS at 48c.; Best Sec. DRESS PRINTS at 5c.; GENTINE 10-4 NEW YORK MILLS BLEACH-

ED SHEETING at 27c, regularly 35c.; GENUINE UTICA 10-4 BLEACHED SHEET-ING at 29c., regularly sells at 40c.;

YARD-WIDE AMOSKEAGE TICKING, never sold under 25c., at 16%c.; Our 30c, ALL-WOOL 3-4 WHITE FLANNEL

at 21c.; One case EXTRA HEAVY 9-4 SHEETING at

All colors BASKET FLANNEL, sells everywher at 60c., only 43c.; 50 pieces 12%c. CHECK NAINSOOK, slightly

damaged, at 7%c.; 40 pieces FRENCH CHECKED at 64c, worth

12346.; Elegant figures FRENCH SATTEENS at 75c. original price 25c.;

Good quality DRESS GINGHAMS at 6 /c., regu

3-4 case of GENUINE FRUIT-OF-THE-LOOM COTTON, slightly damaged by water, at 85c. We currentee this the genuine, and the brand

will be shown on each piece. One lot perfect KID GLOVES, black and colors, at 25e.:

1.000 pairs REAL FRENCH CHAMOIS-SKIN MOUSQUETAIRE GLOVES at 29c., regular

MOUSQUETAIRES, in tans, slate, and blacks-size, 51, 52, and 6-at 33c, worth 75c. OSTER'S FIVE-HOOK KIDS, black a at 63c., same sold everywhere at \$1:

600 pairs SIX-EUTTON LENGTH KID MOUS. \$1.10 BLACK SILK, better quality, at 74c.; QUETAIRES, blacks and colors—our regular \$1.25 BLACK SILK at 96c.; \$1.25 quality-at 72c.; LADIES' LINED THREAD GAUNTLETS.

regular 25c. gloves, at 11c.;

CHILDREN'S 25c. CLOTH GLOVES at Sc.: 500 pieces RIBBON-comprising Ottomans. Satins, Moires, &c .- from No. 4 to 16, none

worth less than 10c. and up to 25c., all at 5c 600 REAL FRENCH SATIN CORSETS, 1 white and fancy colors, at 64c, worth \$1.25 :

GENUINE FRENCH-WOVEN CORSETS a 33c. Can you buy one for less than 75c.? 100 dozen GENUINE GERMAN TURKEY-RED DOYLIES at 52c .- never sold under YARD-WIDE BLACK ENGLISH CASHMERE.

100 CLARENDON MARSEILLES CROCHET QUILTS at \$1, regular selling price \$1.50; LADIES' SHEER ALL-LINEN HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS at 9c. worth full 17c.;

COLORED-BORDERED ALL-LINEN HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS at 10c. worth double: All colors BROCADED SILK PLUSH at \$1.68

Now, dear friends, we come to an end; but are

from \$3.50:

think we could fill this entire page, but time for JULIUS MEYER & SON. 601 and 603 Broad street. SAMPLE AND MAIL ORDERS CARE FULLY AND PROMPTLY FILLED. lja 12]

SYCLE BROTHERS WANT TO

CLOSE OUT

TAKE INVENTORY, WHICH WILL BE THE FIRST WEEK IN FEBRUARY. SO NOW, IF YOU WANT BARGAINS, BE

prices.
Our spring importation of HAMBURG EDGINGS and INSERTINGS is now in. We show
a larger stock than ever before. See our
MATCH GOODS. They are pretty and cheap,
A large stock of LADIES' UNDERWEAR at TIME. 36 pieces of TYCOON REPS at 12%c. worth 25c.; COCHECO FOULARD at 7c. worth 12%c. (full HOOPSKIRTS and BUSTLES in great variety; aiso. BALMORAL and BOULEVARD
SKIRTS.
DIARIES for 1884 at one half of regular prices.
The balance of our stock of WikAPs for women
and misses will be closed out at low prices.
A good time to buy your CARPETS, and we have
a large stock from which you can make your

BE SURE TO CALL BEFORE THAT

One lot of DAMAGED SPREADS at half price; FRENCH PERCALES at 12%c. worth 16%c.; WHITE FLANNEL at 20c. worth 25c.;

WHITE FLANNEL at 25c. worth 35c. : 50 pieces of CRASH at 5c. worth 8%c.;

One case of LINEN CRASH at 10c. worth 16%c.

MEN'S UNDERSHIRTS:

GENTLEMEN'S UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS

REINFORCED BOSOM, at 55c. worth 75c. HAMBURG EDGING from 5c. to 75c. per yard;

TUROOMAN CURTAINS and PORTIERES; DAMASK and other FURNITURE-COVER-INGS and CURTAIN MATERIAL; BOOKS, DOLLS, GAMES, and other goods from Our stock of LADIES' UNDERWEAR Is com our holiday stock; GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS in great variety, and you can save money by buying plete. We guarantee our prices to be lowe than the lowest.

LADIES' CLOTH JACKETS at \$2 worth \$4.50 All WRAPS at cost; CARPETS at cost; RUGS at rost; CASSIMERES at cost; RED FLANNEL at cost;

variety, and you can save money by buying of us;
LINEN GOODS, such as IRISH LINENS, TABLE-NAPKINS, TABLE-CLOTHS. TRAY-CLOTHS, and TOWELS, at the lowest prices for first-chass goods;
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES;
SCRAP-BOOK PICTURES;
SCRAP-and AUTOGRAPH-ALBUMS;
Big bargains in BLACK and COLORED SILKS,
SATINS, and VELVETS.
FANCY DRESS GOODS will be sold at much less than cost; PANCY DRESS GOODS and less than cost; less than cost; GLOVES and STOCKINGS in great variety. Prices low for first goods.

We have too many goods on hand, Our stock must be reduced. We give LOW PRICES so as to effect sales.

LEVY, DAVIS & DRAKE, is 10 CANTON PLANNEL at cost SYCLE BROTHERS, 311 Broad street. Branch House: 1519 Main street.

Richmond Dispatch.

SUNDAY JANUARY 13, 1884

THE CIRCULATION OF THE DISPATCH 18 LARGER THAN THE COMBINED CIRCU-LATION OF ALL THE OTHER DAILY NEWS-PAPERS OF THE CITY.

[Entered at the Post-Office at Richmond, Va., as second-class matter.]

"A fashion reporter says that the high heels must go." That's pretty hard on THREE PRECINCTS BILL ENGROSSED. the comic-opera business.

Mr. VENNOR having positively predicted a great snow-storm, alpaca coats and palmleaf fans have gone up seventeen per cent. As yet a good many of the presidential

booms are being fed on condensed milk, and it is thought that a large percentage of them will not be raised. The result of the Ohio senatorial election

was a PAYNE-fool experience for the Stalwart organs that insisted PENDLETON would be nominated.

In London there are four blind persons in the police. According to the criminal statistics, most any town in the North can beat that.

The only thing positively known about the authorship of the "Bread-Winners," which has proved such a knotty problem to the literary men, is that neither LOGAN nor KEIFER could have written it. The St. Louis Post-Dispatch says : "St.

can Exchange, three Mexican papers, and no Mexican trade." And the Post-Dispatch undoubtedly has a Mexican dolor. "Fifteen Legitimist newspapers bave

expired in Paris since the death of the Comte de CHAMBORD." The inference is that the Comte's successor has declined to pony up Saturday night. GARNET PEKIN SILK VELVET at \$1.24 "The President has appointed a man

BLACK ALL-SILK RHADZIMIR, regularly named Wrong to be receiver of public moneys at Concordia, Texas," The Presi-ALL-WOOL COLORED SHOUDA CLOTHS. selling all season at 35c.-latest shades at 20c.; dent has made so many wrong appoint-50 dozen LADIES' SCOTCH ALL-WOOL ME- ments that this can hardly be considered a RINO VESTS-regular \$1.50 quality-at 88c.; matter of news.

A new brand of COTTON, better but not so fa-

GENTLEMEN'S FULL REGULAR SOLID-COLOR BRITISH at 13c .- just half selling One lot CHILDREN'S GENUINE FRENCH HOSE-rich and elegant styles, worth from 40 Oue lot CHILDREN'S FULL REGULAR ENG. can party: the undertaker.

LISH HOSE, warranted to wash, at 17c. worth It is sad, but none the less true, that the Democratic House of Representatives ut-SIX-BUTTON LENGTH UNDRESSED KID BLACK EMBOSSED SILK-FINISHED ARCA- terly ignores the advice of First-Assistant DIA VELVETEEN-\$1 is agents' price, we President of the United States and editor of the National Republican, Mr. Frank ter of the Nansemond Land, Lumber, and Narrow-Gauge Railroad Company, and to BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILK at HATTON.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, who has been in Maine, says " prohibition in that State is relation to judgment-liens. a success." The specimens of NASBY's al-BONNET'S CASHMERE SUBLIME BLACK SILK, never before sold under \$1.50, at leged humor we have hitherto encountered lead us to suspect that this is the dryest 24-INCH BLACK SILK OTTOMAN at \$1.24 thing he has ever said.

"The present splender of the White 500 REMNANTS of BLACK and COLORED simplicity of forty years ago." Yes, but SILKS, ranging from 2 to 12 yards, at exactly forty years ago the President didn't get \$50,000 a year, with the privileges of the eash-drawer.

BLACK CASHMERE at 34c.; 75c. quality eaused the mercury to knock the bottom 1.000 pieces No. 1 LINEN TORCHON CRO- out of some of the New England ther-CHET EDGE, full 12 yards, at 16c, a piece; mometers.

Lincoln Post, No. 11, Grand Army of suitable present to Lee Camp, Confederate Veterans, to be disposed of by the latter at their coming fair, the Philadelphia Press will please note that the South is "still in the saddle."

WALT WHITMAN says: "I should say real bids; and with great expectations of a call, we are American poetry-nay, within any high sense, American literature—is something yet to be." WALT evidently judges American literature by his own egregious failure. but the world will pardon him if a consciousness of the fact that he has mistaken his calling will induce him to quit writing.

> The Bill to Sell the Virginia Reports. RICHMOND, January 12, 1884. To the Editor of the Dispatch:

That was an excellent bill introduced by Senator Edmonds, proposing to sell the accumulated Virginia Reports at the uniform price of \$1.50 per volume, and it was a pity to cripple it and preclude its effective operation by making the price \$2.50 per volume, as was done in the Senate yes-terday. Of the Reports designated there are more than thirteen thousand and three hundred volumes on hand, which are even ject of the bill is to sell these for benefit of the State, not for good of the lawyers. There is very little doubt but that at \$1.50 they will seil readily, and it is about equally certain that at \$2.50 they will not. A lawyer or a judge will want a whole set or none, and the difference between the two prices will amount to about \$50 in the cost of a set. If you think this will not handicap them, just ask the first lawyer you meet. This is not a question of cost to the State. a merchant is thus heavily overstocked he must sell for what he can get without regard to the cost-price. If this amendment is concurred in by the House the bill might almost as well not be passed. C.

A Greensburg telegram says: The Fisher House is the best hotel in this city, and er House is the best hotel in this city, and was managed by the proprietors, the three Keenan brothers, sons of the late Major John Keenan. Mrs. William Jack, a young and wealthy widow, was courted in a quiet way by all three brothers, and boarded at the house. All three had made offers of marriage at different times to her, and had been rejected. Thursday afternoon Edward, the eldest, was married to the lady, and his brother James became freuzied. This morning he met his brother and discussed the matter of ending the partnership, and it was agreed to. James then drawing a revolver, rushed to his room and killed bimself, sending two bullets through his brain.

Legal Proceedings To Be Taken Against Ex-Auditor Allen.

THE NORFOLK BLECTION CONTESTED. Investigating Committee Going to Western

Lunatic Asylum.

Mr. Koiner in the chair. Prayer by Dr.

Armstrong.

The Senate was notified that the House had passed a number of Senate bills—among them Mr. Koiner's to exempt from jury service farmers actually engaged in saving their crops. This now goes to the Governor for approval.

RICHMOND AND PETERSBURG RAILROAD. Mr. Atkinson, from the Committee for Courts of Justice, reported without amendment his bill to regulate the trial of certain controversies between the State and the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Company, so as to have agreed a case testing the company's solaim of examples from company's claim of exemption from

Goes on the calendar. NORFOLK SENATOR.

taxation.

Mr. Heaton presented a protest and pe-tition of citizens of Norfolk against the legality of the late election. They say that the act of Assembly ordering a new regis-tration was not in the hands of the Judge of the Circuit Court until too late for him to appoint registrars in time for them to give the five days' notice required by the act, and said registrars were not in fact appointed until Saturday evening—one business the before the decirious that no regis Louis has one Mexican Consul, one Mexiness-day before the election; that no regis-tration was in fact made, and the old books of registration were used at tour precincts, and no books at all were at the other four precincts; that the old registration was annulled by the new law, and the four wards thereby divided into eight precincts, and registrars and judges were appointed for eight precincts, and voting under the old law was therefore legally impossible; that voting under the new law was impossible because there were no registration-books whatever under the new law at the eight new precincts, and no registration was possible legally or as a matter of fact. For these reasons a majority of voters refrained from voting. Could there have been a legal election, in their opinion the result in the district would have been different.

ments that this can hardly be considered a matter of news.

The Newark Evening News says: "Haetshorn, of Harrison, is the fellow who is going to asphyxiate Alderman Connelly's comptrollership' boom." Then the other fellow will be a mourner.

"There is a future before the man who will codify the laws governing primary elections in Pennsylvania." All he has to do is to change the phraseology of the laws governing the prize-ring.

Deacon Smith, of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, wants to know who will take the measure of the Democratic party. We don't know, but can tell him who is about to take the measure of the Republican party: the undertaker.

"There is a future before the man who will codify the laws governing primary elections in Pennsylvania." All he has to do is to change the phraseology of the laws governing the prize-ring.

Deacon Smith, of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, wants to know who will take the measure of the Democratic party. We don't know, but can tell him who is about to take the measure of the Republican party: the undertaker.

and Elections.
This indicates that when Mr. Turner ap-This indicates that when Mr. Turner appears with his certificate and asks to be sworn in objection thereto will be raised.

The two opposition members on the committee submitted a minority report fully sustaining Auditor Allen from begin-INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. Atkinson: Bill to amend charchange name of same By Mr. Edmunds : Bill to amend law in

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST AUDITOR ALLEN. The Committee for Courts of Justice, to which was referred Auditor Allen's response to Senator Wingfield's resolution asking for information in regard to the collection of railroad tax by a county trea surer, and the compensation allowed such House is a great contrast to its Spartan county treasurer, with instructions to the Committee for Courts of Justice to con sider the said response of Auditor Allen, the legal authority of the Auditor to allow the treasurer of Augusta 20 per cent. of the amount collected by him of Chesa-peake and Ohio and Shenandoah Valley An exchange informs us that a CHARLES railroad, and what steps should be taken FRANCIS ADAMS boom has been started to protect the revenues of the Common-down East. Now, we know what has wealth, submitted the following report and resolution:

Hon. John L. Hurt, President pro tem. Senate of Virginia: The Committee on Courts of Justice submit the following report in relation to Senate Document No. —, referred to the committee for considera-

the Republic, having determined to send a suitable present to Lee Camp. Confederate Auditor S. Brown Allen and Attorney-General F. S. Blair appeared before the committee and made statements, which were taken down by the stenographer, and at the request of the committee General W. C. Wickham, vice-president of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, also appeared and made a statement (which was taken down by the stenographer), and also furnished receipts of John S. Hamilton, as well as other vouchers.

peared and made a statement (which was taken down by the stenographer), and also furnished receipts of John S. Hamilton, as well as other vouchers.

The essential facts shown are as follows: An assessment of tax on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company was made by order of Auditor Allen the 20th of March 1883, wolch assessment—in the aggreate \$16,990.68—was placed in the hands of John E. Hamilton, treasurer of Augusta county, for collection, and a levy made by his order on certain property of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company at Stanton on the 22d of March 1883. No effort was made by the Anditor or Hamilton to collect without a levy. A telegram from Stantion, sent by the agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company that Hamilton to selfect in 1883, was the first notice to the authorities of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company that Hamilton was authorized to collect the tax, and the first notice of the assessment to the company was the levy.

Upon receipt of the telegram and a letter following it from their agent in Staunton, the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company offered to pay Auditor Allen the tax assessed, but he declined to receive it on the ground that the assessment had been placed in the hands of Hamilton and payment must be made to him. Accordingly the Auditor telegraphed Hamilton to come to Richmond. He came, and the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company paid him on the 2d of April. 1883, the full amount of tax assessed. On the 2d of April. 1883, Hamilton paid the tax collected of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company paid him on the 2d of April. 1883, the full amount of tax assessed. On the 2d of April. 1883, the full amount of tax assessed and Ohio Railway Company paid him on the 2d of April. 1883, the full amount of tax assessed. On the 2d of April. 1883, the full amount of the Armilton his costs in connection with said levy, railroad fare, advertising, and that he issued a warrant for payment thereof.

2. An assessment of tax on the Shenandoah railroad was made by order of Auditor

Your committee has not been able to obtain any statement of the transaction from the officials of the Shemandoah Valley road.

The aggregate amount received by Hamilton for the two transactions, so far as the evidence goes, was 20 per cent. commi slon. \$5.137.63; costs paid by Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, \$50; total, \$6.187.03; which costs the Auditor also stated were paid by warrant drawn by him.

3. It further appears that John E. Hamilton was appointed treasurer of Augusta county by the county judge in Angust, 1882, to fill a vacancy, and that said Hamilton was the brother-in-law of S. B own Allen, Auditor.

4. It was claimed by the Auditor (Allen) that both raifroads passed through the county of Augusta, and therefore it was it and proper that his brother-in-law (Hamilton) should have been appointed to collect these two assessments. It was shown in evidence that the principal office of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad is in Richmond city, where ample levy could have been made, and that the principal office of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad is in Richmond city, where ample levy could have been made, and that the principal office of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad is in Richmond city, where ample levy could have been made.

5. It is also claimed by the Auditor (Allen) that he allowed the commission of 20 per cent, to Hamilton hat in levying for this railroad tax he was in danger of suits gratust him personality for damages. It is shown by the evidence that Hamilton agreed himself in

cause it was feared by heave in danger of super or this railroad tax he was in danger of super or this railroad tax he was in danger. It is shown against him personally for damages. It is shown by the evidence that Hamilton agued himself in receips given by him to the Chesapeske and Ohio Railway Counters, "Treasurer of Aguesta county Railway Counters," Treasurer of Aguesta Contract, and Special Collector of S. Brot a Agent Andrion, and Agen

JUDGE CLAIBORNE RESIGNED. special collector, as the law requires in all such It was referred to the Committee on Claims special collector, as the law requires in all successes, and that there was no written agreement in compensation between the Austitor (Alica) an Hamilton before the service was commenced an approved by the Executive as the law requires; all such cases. [See sections 34 and 45, chapter 6. Acts 1878-79, and Constitution of Virginia. Art cle IV., section 12.] It further appears the the Auditor has authority to appoint a "collecte in any county or corporation to collect arrears taxes therein." [see section 34 of chapter 60. Acts 1878-79, referred to by the Auditor (Alica as his authority.] and that these assessments of aircast axes the reasures. In any county or corporation The Auditor is expressly authorized by section 2 of chapter 118 of Acts 1881-82 to place the railroad-tax can these cares in the hands of a treasurer.

SPATCI

a reasurer.

The act reads thus: "Such tax so levied, "

If the same be not paid at the time provide
herein, shall be collected by any treasurer to whot
the Auditor may deliver the assessment or a cop
thereof."

thereof."

It further appears that the duties and compensation of treasurer are fixed by law—his duty being to collect all taxes assessed and placed, in pursuance of the inwoof the State, in his hands for collection—and his compensation being preserribed by section 30, chapter 60, Acts 1878-79, as follows: "Every treasurer or collector shall be allowed for his services in receiving and paying over the revenue on amounts of \$15,000 and less 5 per centum, and on the amount in excess of \$15,000 2½ per centum, which shall be understood to be the entire compensation intended to be allowed treasurers in counties and citi-s in which the revenue exceeds \$15,000." All of which attements, both of law and fact, are unterly inconsistent with the theory and action of the Auditor (Allen).

In regard to danger of suits for damages, which it is said Hamilton feared, the Attorney-General stated, in substance, that in all coupon suits the Commonwealth was the substantial defendant, and where the treasurer performed his duty the Commonwealth was the substantial defendant, and where the treasurer, under the law, to collect these taxis when called upon by the Auditor, if he acted legally, he was in no danger; if he acted illegally, he did so at his peril—just as every other Oflicial who undertakes to levy.

6. It further appears that taxes of the county of Augustas collected by Hamilton, treasurer, were in excess of \$15,000.

7 The Auditor reports in said document that

On Harrison appears that the Augusta collected by Hamilton, treasurer, were in excess of \$15,000.

7 The Auditor reports in said document that assessments of taxes against the Strasburg and Harrisonhurg, Vailey, Winchester and Potomac Railroad companies were placed in the hands of the treasurer of Augusta county for collection, but that he has not yet collected such assessments. It appears that the Auditor (Allen) issued warrants for payment of advertising levies by Hamilton as to said roads in the aggregate sum of \$346.

Aggregate..... Excess tilegally paid upon said collections:
In case of the Chesapeake and Ohio
Railway tax \$2.974 94
In case of the Shenandoah-Valley Railread tax 1,519 95

.84.494 89 Aggregate of excess.....

MARSHALL MCCORMICK, J. SINGLETON DIGGS.

The committee submitted the following The committee submitted the following:

Resolved. That noless within sixty days.

Brown Allen, late Auditor, or John E. Hamilton do settle with the present Auditor of Public Accounts the balance found due by the report of the Committee for Courts of Justice the Auditor of Public Accounts be, and he is hereby, instructed to employ Messrs. Wirt Henry and Holmes Courad, upon a reasonable compensation, to be agreed on in advance, to institute and prosecute to indement in the proper court an action against S. Brown Allen, into Auditor of Public Accounts, and the surelies on his official bond, to recover the sum or sums illegally paid by him to John E. Hamilton by his warrants drawn upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, and also to institute an action against said John E. Hamilton personally, or on his official bond as treasurer of the country of Augusta, as such counsel may advise and deem proper, to recover from him the said sums so unlawfully paid him by the said late Auditor of Public Accounts.

ning to end. SENATE BILLS PASSED. To protect wages and salaries from gar-

catching oysters for family use. Senate bill to provide a charter for this city was explained by Mr. Trout and mr. J. Shepherd's, 19° below; and at Mr. J. ROANOKE CITY.

passed. JUDGE CLAIBORNE RESIGNED.

The Governor communicated the resignation of Judge T. B. Claiborne, of Franklin. Laid on the table. THREE VOTING-PLACES. Mr. Lovenstein explained and amended

his bill amending the general law so as to permit city councils to provide additional oting-places when necessary, and it was rdered to be engrossed.

to engrossment. NORFOLK PERRIES' FUND. Mr. Thurman's bill to amend sections 1 and 2 of an act to provide for the disposi-tion of the proceeds of Norfolk county ferries, approved February 26, 187-, was

passed. FAUQUIER AND RAPPAHANNOCK RAILROAD. House bill 29, to amend and re-enact sec tions 6 and 9 of an act incorporating the Fauquier and Rappahannock Railroad Company, approved February 21, 1882, was passed.

Adjourned. House of Delegates. The House met at noon-Mr. Evans of Middlesex in the chair. No prayer.

By Mr. Porter: Bill to incorporate the

Atlantic Improvement Company.

By Mr. Seay: Bill to incorporate the

luvanna county, Va.

By Mr. Lawson: Bill to confirm a deed sure to cause interference with the latter. of conveyance executed by the trustees of parsonage property belonging to the Isle as long as the telephone were are allowed Wight circuit of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in the county of Isle of

By Mr. Marshall : Bill to incorporate the Virginia Western Railroad Company.

By Mr. Evans, of Middlesex: Bill to By Mr. Evans, of Middlesex: Bill to allow the County School Board of Matthews county to use a portion of the county school fund of that county in erecting school-houses.

By Mr. Kelly: Bill to provide for the ap-

pointment of a porter for the office of Su-perintendent of Public Printing. JOINT RESOLUTION. The Senate joint resolution requiring mendments to existing laws to be printed in different type from the body of the bill

LEAVE OF ABSENCE. Leave of absence was asked for and alwed the following gentlemen: Messrs. Keen, Brockwell, Porter, and Powell.

PORTSMOUTH CHARTER. When the bill granting a new charter for the city of Portsmouth was reached on the calendar, Mr. Porter moved to pass by. Mr. Duff Green called for the eyes and noes, and the bill was passed by by a vote of 53 to 29. PUBLIC WAREHOUSE AT RICHMOND.

Mr. Dunlop offered a petition for the ompensation of Elijah P. H. Simpson, inspector of tobacco at the Public warehouse, Richmond, Va., for the term of twenty-six months, during which time Mr. Sin period by receiving tobacco on storage, etc., Mr. Simpson paid into the treasury of the State as sampler \$2,020 for account of storage, and also delivered all the tobacco left on hand November 1, 1881, except four hogsheads. The petition asked for an appropriation of \$1,500, and was numerously signed by premenent merchants of the city. received in fees \$584.51. During the same

PAYMENT OF TAXES IN CURRENCY. Mr. Fitzpatrick moved to suspend the rules and take up out of its order the bill to regulate the granting of licenses and to require the prepayment of the specific tax in money or currency as a condition precedent to the granting of a liceuse.

The question was discussed by Messrs. Christian, Munford, Gibson, and the delegate from Frederics.

gate from Frederica.

After a lengthy talk, on motion of Mr.
Fitzpatrick, the bill was passed by until
next Wednesday at 3 o'clock.

RESIGNATION OF JUDGE CLAIBORNE.

RESIGNATION OF JUDGE CLAIBORNE.

A communication from the Governor conveying the resignation of T. B. Claiborne, judge of Franklin County Court, to take effect from date, was referred to the Committee for Courts of Justice.

The rules were suspended, and a minority and majority report were read.

"The majority report were read.

"The majority report reads: The committee proceeded to investigate and heard the evidence in part, but at an early stage of the investigation Judge Claiborne stated to the committee that if there were no charges against him he would resign his office; therefore the memorialist withdrew the charges and Judge Claiborne sent his resignation to the Governor, who has since communicated the same to the General Assembly. In view of these facts the committee asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the case. The evidence taken and the proceedings of the committee are herewith returned and made committee are herewith returned and made a part thereof."

a part thereof."

The minority report reads: "Pending the investigation of charges against said Claiborne he, through his counsel, in the presence of the committee, said that 'if the charges ia the memorial were withdrawn that he (Claiborne) would tender his resignation as Judge to the Governor. This proposition was accepted by the memorialists, and then the further investigation was suspended."

They would further report that on the day following that on which the action occurred the aforesald T. B. Claiborne was informed that if he desired it the committee would compel the attendance of any witnesses he might indicate, at the ex-pense of the State, and full time and oppor-tunity accorded him for further investigation of these charges for the purpose of establishing his innocence, and that said Chiborne replied, "I have tendered my resignation to the Governor, and I don't wish to proceed any further." In view of these facts, the committee ask to be discharged, &c.

This report was signed by Messrs. Card-well and Munford only. This report was adopted, and the evidence taken in the case was ordered to be filed with the miority report.

Notes About the Weather. The recent cold snap, during which th

mercury fell to zero, and in some exposed localities to two or three and possibly four degrees below, has given rise to considerable discussion on the subject of cold weather in this section in past years, many persons asserting in the most positive maner that no such weather as that of a weel ago had been experienced here in ten years, while others are as positive in claiming that colder weather prevailed hereabouts but a few years ago. To put this question at rest, and at the same time to show how soon happenings and dates can be forgotten, the following extracts from the local columns of the *Dispatch* of January 1, 1881, is published: igo had been experienced here in ten years

1881, is published:
"Yesterday morning (December 31, 1880.) at 6 o'clock the mercury at the Dispatch office indicated 2° above zero, but the temperature was far below that figure in other parts of the city and in the country near Richmond.

ter 214 of acts of 1874, for the preserva-tion of oysters, as relates to the taking and railroad it was 9° below."

The joint special committee to investi-

city for Staunton to-morrow. The committee is composed of Senators agent accepts the agency of property he is E. E. Meredith of Prince William, H. S. in honor bound to represent his principal Trout of Roanoke, and J. J. McDonald of as he would himself; and therefore is false Northumberland, and Delegates J. N. Opie to his trust, and does not honestly represent bill on this subject was ordered Senate bill on this subject was ordered to his least of Northumberland, and Delegates J. N. Opie to his trust, and does not honestly represent bis principal, when he exacts or receives a commission from the mechanic Dunn of Albemarle, and Henry Parker.

Messis, Wilkins, Lawson, and Dunn of Property of the mechanic for repairs, as it is evident that the said Messrs. Wilkins, Lawson, and Dunn are

> Hustings Court, Saturday. The entire day was consumed in dispo

ing of civil cases. [FOR OTHER LOCAL SEE FOURTH PAGE.]

The Telephone Situation RICHMOND VA., January 12, 1884. To the Editor of the Dispatch:

Referring to the card in this morning' Dispatch regarding the interference by telephone wires with the proper operation of the fire-alarm system, as explained by Superintendent Paynter, I can only admit BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED. that such occurrences are likely to follow
The following bills were introduced and every sleet- and wind-storm as long as the Telephone Company is restricted to the use of housetops for their wires. As Superintendent Paynter truly says, the telephone By Mr. Seay: Bill to incorporate the Manufacturing and Milling Company of housetops) the fire-alarm wires, (on poles,)

> to remain on the roofs of buildings, and must grow worse and worse as the house top fixtures decay, the property-owners and tenants positively forbidding the re-newal or repair of the present telephone structures. To such an extent has the sentiment of the community grown hostile to the continued occupancy of the roofs of buildings by the wires of our Exchange that it is with the utmost difficulty that our linemen can now stretch a new wire in any part of the city. On this account we have for some mouths past been compelled to decline new subscriptions, thus retarding the growth of the Exchange. Not only do we experience these difficulties in placing sere wires, but I am in almost daily eipt of orders from owners and agents to remove existing wires and fixtures, a com-pliance with which would compel a suspension of telephonic service to about one

half of our present subscribers.

I only succeed in inducing the owners of I only succeed in inducing the owners of property who have given me such "notices to quit" to suspend the enforcement of their notices pending our negotiations with the City Council for the privilege of erecting poles. Unless such an arrangement is speedily perfected I fear the patience of property-owners, to whose liberal indulgence we are indebted for the present existence of a valuable means of local communication, will become exhausted local communication, will become exhausted and a suspension of telephone service be-

come inevitable. Yours truly, C. E. McCluer, Superintendent. [Certainly some equitable adjustment of the Disparch Printing-House. Good work, this matter between the City Council and

TERMS OF ADVERTISING CASH-INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

THE DISPATCH

[Communicated.]

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

The telegram published in your issue of the 11th as to what was done in Baltimore on Thursday in the case of Lorillard & Co. vs. Lottler was evidently prepared by some one friendly to the Lorillards, and created erroneous impressions.

Up to this time nothing whatever has been decided upon the merits of the cause, and nothing has been done affecting Mr. Lottler's rights in any way.

The "Durham" brand is the only one involved in the controversy. Lottler had abandoned the use of all others long before the suit was brought, and Lorillard knew it. Lorillard sought an injunction against Lottler as to the "Durham" brand. He has not yet obtained it. The Court decided—on Lottler's motion, Lorillard objecting—to hold its decision on the "Durham" in abeyance until a final hearing, when all the testimony would be taken, on condition that Lottler give bond conditioned to pay all damages if it be beld on final hearing that he has violated Lorillard's trade-mark.

Lorillard had given a bond in a penalty of \$5,000, payable to Lottier, when he sought the injunction, and Lottier has given one in the same amount to avoid the injunction. Thus they stand on exactly could before the suit was brought.

The telegram creates a rather different impression from this.

I state this at my client's request, that

impression from this.

I state this at my client's request, that he may be saved the many inquiries from the trade to which the telegram has subjected him.

I have absolute confidence that on the ments he will win his case.

John S. Wise,
Attorney L. Lottier.

Richmond, January 10, 1884.

[in Justice to our advertiser it should be

A. D. WILLIAMS. N. W. Bowe. Williams & Bowe.

Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers. Close personal attention to all matters of business entrusted to us. No commissions Good business solicited.

An Enjoyable Occasion. The Arlington Club gave a hop on last Friday night at the residence of R. L. Friday night at the residence of R. L. Brown, Esq., No. 2695 east Franklin street. Music commenced at 9 o'clock; supper was served at 12, and dancing continued till 4:30. As the couples passed by tripping the light fantastic we noticed many pretty dancers, among whom were Misses Martha Brown. Fannie McChesney. "At 7 A. M. at the corner of Grove avenue and Laurel street the thermometer was down to 14° below zero—astonishing figures for the 'Sunny South.'"

"At No. 731 west Marshall street at 7:30
A. M. it was 9° below zero."

"At sunrise on Church Hill it was 8° below, and at the Chesaporks, and Olds."

"At Sunrise on Church Hill it was 8° below, and at the Chesaporks, and Olds."

Misses Martha Brown. Faunte McChesney, Regina Gunn, Katie Childrey, Annie Guy, Sarah Archer, Laura Curtis, and Mollie Walsh. Among the gentlemen present were Messrs. E. A. Saunders, Jr., Jeff. King, James T. Estes, L. C. Crump, E. Z. Gunn, E. G. Gunn, A. P. Cone, J. P. Harrison, Jr., and Harry Curtis.

A Card.

B. Crenshaw's (first gate on the Brook turnpike), 14° below."

The Stanuton Poisoning.

Missrs. Blount & Quay, G. & A. Bargamin, Puller Brothers. F. S. Datton, A. C. Houston, N. D. Hargrove, and William A. Wyatt:

Gentlemen .- I reply to your card asking gate the poisoning of six patients in the real estate agents to define their position Western Lunatic Acylum will teave the towards mechanics, we will say that we have always held that when a real estate commission is added to the bill and thus becomes an additional charge on the land-lord, making two commissions received by the agent, when he had agreed to represent his principal for his one legitimate We are glad to see that the mechanics of our city wish to be true to themselves, to the interest of property-owners, and to the agents who do not place them in a false position when their bills are used as vouch-

ers. Very respectfully, R. B. Chappin & Co.

Retail Grocers are requested to attend a meeting of their Association Monday night at 8 o'clock, at Room 26, Shafer's building. HENRY TAYLOR, Jr., Secretary.

Messrs. Blount & Quay and others: Gentlemen,—Some of our friends seem to think we have not fully answered your card. We will therefore say that we have never recieved any commission or compen-

sation of any kind from any mechanic on account of any work done for us.

Very respectfully, R. B. Chappin & Co. When we consider the medical authority of the world recognizing our Sweet Gum to be the finest simulating expectorant known, and that the pro-prictor of "Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein" has the formula of the Chero-kee Nation of the orporating the sweet gum with the tea of the mullein plant of the old fields— which many of our readers will represented to which many of our readers will remember our grandmothers making under the direction of the old family physician for croup, whooping cough, and colds—it is no wonder that "Taylor's Chero-kee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein" is producing such effective cures in coughs, croup, whooping-coughs, and all bronchial affections.

For sale by all leading drurgists. 25c, and \$1. Manufactured by Walter A. Taylor, Atlanta, Ga., proprietor Taylor's Premium Cologne.

A FRAGRANT BREATH IS SIWRYS & D you can have it by using MEADE & BAKER'S deli-clous Carbolic Mouth-Wash. It destroys the offensive odor caused by diseased gums and decayed teeth, and speedily restores them to a healthy con-dition. Price, fifty cents a bottle. The most delicate persons enjoy taking Emony's LUTTLE CATHARTIC PILLS. They restore color,

give a wholesome appetite, put new life in a broken-down body. Their action is very mild Druggists sell them-15 cents. BEAUTIPULLY WHITE TRETH ENSURED BY FRICE, which will speedily remove incipient tarta, and scurf. Price, afty cents a box. FRICK, which will sp

10-HORSE ENGINE—good as 1 ew-for ry chesp. Address ASHTON STARKE.
1429 Main street, Righmond, Va.

SECOND-HAND ENGINE ON WHEELS FOR SALE.

Praise from Sir Huber is Praise In

To the Editor of the Dispatch: It is hardly fair perhaps to look for literary accuracy in an advertisement, but the above misquotation is so common everywhere that it may be excusable to say that it should read, "Approbation from Sir Hubert Stanley is praise indeed."

K.

stated that he used the popular misquotation intentionally, as more familiar to the public than the line as originally written by the author. The proper quotation was verified in our presence. The alteration, it may be said, has become incorporated into our language after the manner of the misquotation "Look on this picture, then on that," and others which we see in print every day. The index to Bartlett's "Familiar Quotations" would seem to justify the use of the popular form.]

One of the best places to get strictly pure